

the years 1995-96 and 1996-97. Out of the total grant of Rs. 416.38 lakhs, the amount of Rs. 295.00 lakhs provisionally released for the year 1996-97 is subject to necessary adjustment during the year 1997-98 as per actual requirements.

(b) to (d) ITPO's requirement for funds has been assessed at Rs. 260.82 lakhs (approx.) during the year 1997-98, which is again subject to adjustment from the funds released last year.

(e) and (f) ITPO levy service charges on sale and disposal of exhibits abroad, as per rates given below:-

Fob Value of Goods	Service Charges Range
1. Upto Rs. 2 lakh	10%
2. Above Rs. 2 lakh but below Rs. 10 lakh	10% upto Rs. 2 lakh, 5% above Rs. 2 lakh, and below Rs. 10 lakh.
3. Above Rs. 10 lakh.	10% upto Rs. 2 lakh, 5% above Rs. 2 lakh ad upto Rs. 10 lakh, 2.5% above Rs. 10 lakh.

No service charges are levied on SSI units. There has not been any increase in the rates of service charges, given above.

Powerlooms

600. SHRI JAGDAMBI PRASAD YADAV: Will the Minister of TEXTILES be pleased to state:

- (a) the number of powerlooms running in the country as on date and the number of more powerlooms required;
- (b) the scheme of the Government to encourage them; and
- (c) the position of powerlooms in Bihar and the measures being taken for their development?

THE MINISTER OF TEXTILES (SHRI R.L. JALAPPA): (a) The number of Powerlooms installed as on 30.9.1996 in the decentralised powerloom sector was 14,01,978.

No specific study of the number of powerlooms required has been conducted. However, looking to the quantum of cloth produced by the Powerloom sector, there does not seem to be any need for more powerlooms. The capacity utilisation as of now, is barely 50-55%.

(b) The Government has introduced various schemes to improve the working of powerlooms sector, such as setting up of Powerloom Service Centres, Computer Aided Design Centres, Insurance Scheme for Powerloom workers. Besides, the Government also propose to introduce Workshed-cum-Housing Scheme for Powerloom Weavers. The Powerloom Development & Export Promotion Council

has been set up to promote modernisation of and export by powerloom units. Under the re-financing Scheme of NABARD & SIDBI powerloom units were provided financial assistance for modernisation through Commercial Banks and Financial Institutions.

(c) The number of powerlooms registered in the State of Bihar as on 30.9.96 was 2870. All the facilities provided to the powerloom sector by the Government are available in the State of Bihar. One Powerloom Service Centre is already functioning at Gaya under the Office of Textile Commissioner and one more Centre has been sanctioned at Bhagalpur. The Government of Bihar has also implemented the Insurance Scheme for Powerloom Weavers.

[English]

Diversion of Spoilt Sugar From Sri Lanka to India

601. SHRI SARADA TADIPARTHI:

SHRI AJMEERA CHANDULAL:

Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state:

(a) whether the attention of the Government has been drawn to the news-item captioned "Customs men will ensure bad sugar is dumped in sea" appearing in the 'Indian Express' dated June 3, 1997;

(b) if so, whether a consignment of 1000 tonnes of sugar shipped for Sri Lanka from Colombia was rejected by Sri Lanka authorities at Colombo in April this year as unfit for human consumption but the ship carrying it was diverted to Mumbai port for being sold in India; and

(c) if so, the action taken by the Government to ensure that spoilt sugar is not sent to the Indian Market?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF FINANCE (SHRI SATPAL MAHARAJ): (a) to (c) Vessel M.V. Natalia containing 27000 bags of sugar on board entered into territorial water of India on 19-4-1997. Since sugar was suspected to be damaged, Mumbai Port Trust did not allow permission to berth the vessel in Docks. A part of cargo was unloaded on barges in mid stream. The sugar was examined in presence of officers of Food & Drug Administration, Maharashtra, who determined that the sugar was unfit for human consumption. Clearance can be given only after Port Health Officer/Food and Drug Administration certifies that the sugar is fit for human consumption or for industrial use. Meanwhile, M/s. Noha Marine Services, Mumbai, their agents has submitted a proposal to Food and Drug Administration (FDA) Mumbai for permission to allow clearance to any one of the following parties:

1. M/s. Gujarat Sugar Candy Works, Ahmedabad for refining and reprocessing sugar before marketing.
2. M/s. Nirzar Rasayan Pvt. Ltd. Vadodara for Industrial use in the manufacture of Oxalic Acid.

3. M/s. R.J. Foundry, Ahmedabad for industrial use in the manufacture of C.I. casting.

The matter is under consideration of FDA.

Subsidy on Non-Merit Goods

602. SHRI AJMEERA CHANDULAL: Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Government propose to reduce subsidy on "Non-merit goods" during 1997-98 and

(b) If so, the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF FINANCE (SHRI SATPAL MAHARAJ): (a) and (b) The total provision for subsidies as per the Budget for 1997-98 is placed at Rs. 18251 for the year 1997-98 (BE) which reflects an increase of 9.3 per cent over the revised estimate of Rs. 16694 crore in 1996-97. Details of subsidies provided by the Central Government during 1988-89 to 1997-98 (BE) are given in the attached statement.

Statement

Details of subsidies provided by the Central Government during 1988-89 to 1997-98 (BE)

(In crores of rupees)

		Actuals									
		1988-89	1989-90	1990-91	1991-92	1992-93	1993-94	1994-95	1995-96	1996-97	1997-98
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
A. Major Subsidies		6787	9032	9581	9793	9414	10764	11527	12128	14233	17130
1. Food		2200	2476	2450	2850	2800	5537	5100	5377	6066	7500
2. Indigenous (Urea) Fertiliser		3000	3771	3730	3500	4800	3800	4075	4300	4743	5240
3. Imported (Urea) Fertiliser		201	771	659	1300	996	762	1166	1935	1350	1950
4. Fertiliser subsidy to small and marginal farmers		-	-	-	385	-	-	-	-	-	-
5. Export promotion and Market Development		1386	2014	2742	1758	818	665	658	16	400	440
6. Sale of decontrolled fertiliser with concession to farmers		-	-	-	-	-	-	528	500	1674	2000
B. Debt Relief to Farmers		-	-	1502	1425	1500	500	341	-	-	-
C. Other Subsidies		945	1442	1075	1035	1081	1418	1064	1177	2461	1121
7. Railways		207	233	283	312	353	412	420	418	466	537
8. Mill-made Cloth		27	10	10	15	15	16	-	1	-	-
9. Handloom Cloth		146	181	185	187	161	174	148	143	98	84
10. Import-Export of sugar Edible Oils etc.		40	-	-	-	-	-	-	100	50	50
11. Interest Subsidies		406	881	379	316	113	113	76	34	1257	34
12. Assistance for fertilizer promotion		-	-	-	-	340	517	-	-	-	-
13. Other Subsidies		119	137	218	205	99	186	420	481	590	416
Total-Subsidies		7732	10474	12158	12253	11995	12682	12932	13305	16694	18251

Textiles Workers Rehabilitation Fund Scheme